```
1
1
                  IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                 FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
 2
                         NEWPORT NEWS DIVISION
 3
   UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
 5
                Plaintiff,
                                   )
                                     Criminal Action No.:
 6
   v.
                                           4:15cr83
                                   )
   DYLAN ALLEN JEFFRIES,
 8
                Defendant.
 9
10
                       TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
11
                              (Sentencing)
12
                        Newport News, Virginia
13
                             June 24, 2016
14
15
   BEFORE:
                   THE HONORABLE MARK S. DAVIS
                   United States District Judge
16
17
18
   Appearances:
19
           OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY
                   By: KAITLIN COURTNEY GRATTON, ESQUIRE
20
                       Counsel for the United States
21
           LAW OFFICE OF CHAD G. DORSK
                   By: CHAD GRAY DORSK, ESQUIRE
                       Counsel for Defendant
2.2
23
           The Defendant appearing in person.
24
25
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
1
                        PROCEEDINGS
 2
 3
              (Proceedings commenced at 10:02 a.m. as follows:)
 4
 5
             COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: In Case No. 2:15cr83, United
   States of America v. Dylan Allen Jeffries.
 6
             Ms. Gratton, is the government ready to proceed?
             MS. GRATTON: The government's ready. Good morning,
8
   Your Honor.
9
10
             THE COURT: Good morning, Ms. Gratton.
             COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: Mr. Dorsk, is the defendant
11
12
   ready to proceed?
13
             MR. DORSK: Yes, ma'am. Good morning, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Dorsk.
14
15
             Madam Clerk, can I speak to you for a second?
16
             COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: Yes, sir.
17
             (Court and courtroom deputy conferred.)
             THE COURT: All right. Now, counsel, of course we
18
19
   were previously here, and a couple issues arose during the
20
   sentencing that caused the Court to continue the sentencing so
21
   that you all could look further at the evidence and discuss
22
   amongst yourselves how you wanted to proceed. When we were here
23
   for the prior sentencing hearing, we had testimony from Agent
24
   Call to the effect that when the statement of Jane Doe 1 was
25
   taken, that it may have been recorded. And the government
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

indicated it had not been aware that there may have been a 1 recording, and obviously if the government wasn't aware, the defense was not aware. And the government pointed out that a summary of that interview of Jane Doe 1 had, in fact, been provided to the defense. And the issue on that was that we didn't know whether the summary accurately reflected the interview; if there was a recording of it to compare it to check that. And so I asked the parties to investigate that further, because I thought it was important that, before we proceeded 10 with the sentencing, the defendant have the opportunity, if there was a recording of the interview of Jane Doe 1, to listen 11 12 to and/or observe the interview. I asked that a joint status 13 report be filed addressing that issue. And that was the first issue that came up in the prior sentencing hearing that caused 14 15 me to want to continue the matter. And the second issue that came up that caused me to 16 want to continue the matter was the question involving the 17 18 objection made by Mr. Dorsk. The sentencing guidelines are something that the Court has to accurately calculate. They're 19 20 not binding, but the Court has to accurately calculate them. 21 And as we discussed at some length in the prior sentencing 22 hearing, the statutory range for the sentencing on Count 3 to 23 which the defendant pled guilty; that is, coercion or 24 enticement, the statutory range is 10 years, mandatory 25 minimum -- or I should say a minimum of 10 years of imprisonment

and a maximum of lifetime. And when we came in to the 1 sentencing, the guideline range as calculated based on the existing presentence report was an offense level 36 and a criminal history category I, and that resulted in an advisory 5 sentencing guidelines range of 188 to 235 months. guideline range was calculated based on, in part, an eight-level enhancement that flowed from the conduct involving a minor who had not yet attained the age of 12, and that was guideline 2G1.3(b)(5). And the probation officer had included that 9 10 enhancement which resulted in an increase in the sentencing range based on statements made by Jane Doe 1 when she was 11 interviewed in the interview that Agent Call told us about. And 12 13 during that interview, Jane Doe 1 had said that she had, among other things, had sent photographs of herself in an unclothed 14 15 condition to the defendant when she was 10 or 11 years old. The defendant, when we started off the hearing, 16 17 objected -- well, they objected prior to the hearing, but when we came to the hearing the objection made by the defendant was 18 essentially that there were FaceBook chats between the defendant 19 20 and Jane Doe 1 -- and I should mention that Jane Doe 1, at least 21 according to the testimony of Agent Call, Jane Doe 1 had said 22 that these communications, and I believe photographs that she 23 said had been sent by her, unclothed, to the defendant when she 24 was 10 or 11, took place over FaceBook. That's my recollection, 25 at least, of the testimony. And so we had a discussion about

```
whether that statement from Jane Doe 1, which was in the
1
   presentence report and which formed the basis for giving the
   defendant an eight-level enhancement for engaging in conduct
   with a minor who had not yet attained the age of 12, whether
 5
   that statement was sufficiently reliable such that it should be
   included in the presentence report. If it was sufficiently
   reliable that it should be included, then the burden of
   challenging it and presenting evidence shifted; that is, the
   burden of going forward shifted to the defendant. If, however,
10
   the statement included in the presentence report from Jane Doe 1
   lacked sufficient indicia of reliability, the government would
11
   have had the burden of going forward to show that the statement
12
   was a credible statement. The defense argued that if you looked
13
   at the FaceBook chats from July of 2015, I believe it was -- and
14
15
   these, I should note -- I have the original exhibits, Madam
16
   Clerk?
17
             COURTROOM DEPUTY CLERK: Yes, sir.
             THE COURT: Government's Exhibit 1 and Defendant's
18
19
   Exhibit 1, and it's 2014, excuse me. That these -- I have --
20
   Government's Exhibit 1 are chats of July 5, 2014, and
21
   Defendant's Exhibit 1 are FaceBook chats of July 15, 2014.
22
   so the defense pointed to this chat history that we have here
23
   and argued that it appeared from the chat history that the
24
   defendant and Jane Doe 1 were -- let me say it this way: That
25
   the interactions were characteristic of two people who were
```

getting to know each other and perhaps testing the boundaries of
their interactions -- that's the best I know to say it -- but
that they were not consistent with two people who had had
interactions a year or two before when Jane Doe 1 would have
been under the age of 12 that had, at that tender age, reached
the point of Jane Doe 1 actually transmitting to the defendant
unclothed photographs of herself.

And so as the evidence developed at the hearing, it appeared that the government had produced the results of its subpoenas to FaceBook for the chat histories of both the defendant and Jane Doe 1, and some of those chats had been deleted. And where there was a deletion, the government suggested it may be the case that the history would still be present showing the recipient, the author, the Sent line and then, on the deleted line, an indication that it had been deleted but that the body of the chat would no longer be present.

It appeared to me that it was an open question. We didn't have all of those subpoena responses before us, and it appeared to be an open question about whether there was an actual piece of evidence in the form of a chat history, whether it had been deleted or not, that confirmed that the defendant and Jane Doe 1 had, in fact, had FaceBook chats when she was 10 or 11 years old. And so I asked the parties to take a look at that. And that was the second issue that I wanted you all to

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

look at and report back to me on. The reason for that was the defendant was challenging whether the statement made by Jane Doe 1; to wit, I sent unclothed photos of myself to the defendant when I was 10 or 11 years old, was a statement that could be corroborated in any way. The government had argued that the specifics of that statement, that it wasn't a mere statement "I sent unclothe photos," it was a statement tied to age, a year, what the photo was of, and there were specifics. And the government took the position that the specifics within the statement given by Jane Doe 1 were sufficient to lend credibility to it and that it should remain in the presentence report and that the burden of going forward to challenge it and present evidence to challenge it should shift to the defendant. While the defendant took the position the statement by itself does not have sufficient credibility to stand on its own in the presentence report, and the government should come forward with evidence to bolster it. In my view, one of the pieces of evidence, it seemed to me, that would help me decide whether the statement from Jane Doe 1 that she sent photos when she was 10 or 11 years old had indicia of reliability would potentially be a FaceBook chat when she was 10 or 11 years old between herself and the defendant. Even if the content had been deleted, it would at least show that there was such contact. So that was where we were.

Now, prior to the continuation I had gotten all the

way to the point of making a ruling on the objection and making 1 a ruling on the -- or reciting the guideline range. I of course had already, because this guilty plea came to me through the magistrate judge, I had to accept the plea agreement and make a 5 finding of guilt. I had already accepted the plea agreement and made the finding of guilt and ruled on the objection, but then I said I was going to hold all my ruling in abeyance and wait to receive the joint status report, hoping that by then you all would have reviewed any recording of the statement of Jane Doe 10 1, if there was any, and that you would have had a chance to look at the FaceBook chats to determine whether there was any 11 record of a chat, even if it had no, even if the body of the 12 13 chat was absent, whether there was any evidence that there was a chat when Jane Doe 1 was 10 or 11 between herself and the 14 15 defendant. You all filed a joint status report, Document 33, on 16 May 25th, 2016, and you say that the government did obtain and 17 18 review an approximately 36-minute video recording of Jane Doe 19 1's August 25, 2015 interview; that is, the interview at which 20 Agent Call was present and taking notes, if I recall correctly. 21 And you went on to say, "Although the video depicts the 22 participants of the interview, it does not include any 23 functional audio recording of their discussion. This video has 24 been made available to defense counsel." And that statement is 25 consistent with Agent Call's testimony at the hearing to the

effect that we were concerned about the recording, and so I took 1 notes. And so that's the additional evidence with respect to one of my concerns that caused me to continue the hearing. 4 The joint status report goes on to say the following: 5 "The FaceBook records obtained for the defendant's account in the name Dylan Jeffries include content from March 11, 2015, through April 17, 2015. These records include deleted messages between the defendant and Jane Doe 1 within that period. FaceBook records for Jane Doe 1's two accounts include content 10 from September 10, 2012 through April 17, 2015 and from September 2, 2014 through April 17, 2015 respectively. These 11 records include deleted messages beginning in July of 2014." 12 13 So my interpretation of this, if I understand correctly, is that on Jane Doe 1's two accounts, one of the 14 15 accounts, when you went back and looked at the FaceBook records 16 received in response to the government's subpoena, that on one of the accounts there is content from September, 10, 2012 at 17 which time Jane Doe 1 would have been below 12 years old. So 18 September 10, 2012 through April 17, 2015 on that account. And 19 20 it does not say whether the content during that time period is 21 between the defendant and Jane Doe 1. So I'm left without 22 clarity on that issue. And it doesn't really tell me whether or 23 not those chats from September 10, 2012 to April 17, 2015 are 24 deleted, have deleted bodies or deleted messages. It just

25

doesn't tell me any more.

```
Now, I go over all of that so you all know what I'm
1
2
   thinking and where I am here. And I think both counsel, you all
   have appeared before me long enough to know that I like as much
   clarity as possible. And part of the reason that I like clarity
5
   is I don't want to be here in five years or three years or two
   years having somebody file a motion saying, well, Judge, you
   should have done this or that, or Judge, what was the state of
   the evidence? It's an obvious question, it should have been
9
   inquired into. And so that's, I think, where I am.
10
   know where you all are. But I am happy to hear from you about
   any of this and how you want to proceed. You may have reached
11
   agreement amongst yourselves. But Ms. Gratton, do you want to
12
13
   address it first, or do you think Mr. Dorsk should?
             MS. GRATTON: I'd be happy to address it, Your Honor.
14
15
             THE COURT: All right.
             MS. GRATTON: On the Court's question regarding the
16
   joint status report filed on May 25th, Paragraphs 2 through 4 of
17
   that reflect that the defendant had two accounts, neither of
18
   which did the records obtained -- neither of the records
19
20
   obtained for those accounts dated back to 2013. The earliest
21
   records for the defendant's FaceBook accounts were January 1st,
22
   2014 on the account described in Paragraph 2.
23
             THE COURT: Meaning that there was no record at all?
24
   Not even some deleted message without a message, but still a
25
   record of a chat. So nothing?
```

```
1
             MS. GRATTON:
                           Yes. And if I may explain that to the
   Court if the Court wishes -- Agent Call is here -- but FaceBook,
   when a search warrant is submitted for the contents of an
 4
   account requires the requesting party to submit a date range.
 5
   And as Agent Call's testimony reflected at the prior sentencing,
   at the time the defendant's FaceBook records were requested, she
   was aware of the complaint related to Jane Doe 2. The conduct
   related to Jane Doe 1 was discovered through review of the
   records received from the defendant's FaceBook account. So at
10
   that time the dates that were submitted, it was within a year
   prior to the known conduct, which was January 1st, 2014. And so
11
   that's not to say that no records exist, but the government is
12
   not in any possession of any records prior to January 1st, 2014
13
   related to the defendant's FaceBook.
14
15
             THE COURT: So that was the range? You had asked for
   records far back at January 1, 2014?
16
17
             MS. GRATTON:
                          Yes.
18
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. GRATTON: Which is what we've had. And all of
19
   those have been provided to defense in discovery. So with
20
21
   respect to what if any content exists in the records related to
22
   that account that the government does not possess, the
23
   government just does not have those records.
24
             THE COURT: For the defendant.
25
             MS. GRATTON: For the defendant's account.
```

```
1
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. GRATTON: The government did receive records for
2
3
   Jane Doe. She also had two FaceBook accounts. One of those
   accounts did include records dating back to September 10th,
5
   2012, generally. Just content generally. I think the parties
   would agree that Government's Exhibit 1 reflects the first
6
   substantive exchange for which content was identified between
   Jane Doe 1 and the defendant. So the July 5th, 2014 exchange
8
   submitted as Government's Exhibit 1 at the prior hearing.
10
   That's the first content we have between the two.
             THE COURT: Content meaning a message?
11
             MS. GRATTON: Messages that weren't deleted. So the
12
   last line in Paragraph 4 reflects that, similarly, the earliest
13
   deleted messages found in that account belonging to Jane Doe 1
14
15
   also date from July 2014, and that should have said deleted
   messages I believe with the defendant. Unless defense counsel's
16
17
   review...
18
             THE COURT: Okay. So there is absolutely no evidence
   in the FaceBook chats subpoenaed regarding Jane Doe 1 of any
19
20
   interaction between the defendant and Jane Doe 1 while she was
21
   under the age of 12 --
2.2
             MS. GRATTON: That's correct.
23
             THE COURT: -- is that right? Okay.
24
             MS. GRATTON: Yes. For the two accounts that the
25
   government identified, only one of which dated back to the
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
1
   relevant period, there was no content or deleted messages prior
2
   to July, 2014. And although the government maintains its
   position with respect to the specificity of the statement
   provided by Jane Doe 1, in light of the Court's prior ruling and
 5
   the concerns expressed related to the FaceBook account, the
   government's not asking the Court to revisit its ruling on the
 6
   objection from the prior sentencing.
             THE COURT: Okay. Well, I held my ruling in abeyance
8
   so that I could have the benefit of all of this. But it was the
9
10
   case, wasn't it, that Agent Call said Jane Doe 1 reported that
   she had sent her photographs of her unclothed when she was 10 or
11
   11 years old via FaceBook?
12
13
             MS. GRATTON: Yes. That was the testimony. And that
   is the statement in the summary of the interview.
14
15
             THE COURT: All right. So in my view, that bolsters
16
   the ruling that I had made, at least as a preliminary matter,
17
   sustaining the defendant's objection. And I will remain of the
18
   same view then, that the objection is sustained in light of
   that.
19
20
             MS. GRATTON: Thank you, Your Honor.
21
             THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Ms. Gratton.
22
             So Mr. Dorsk, I assume you don't want to disagree with
23
   that, since I've sustained your objection?
24
             MR. DORSK: That is correct. Thank you, Judge.
25
             THE COURT: Okay. So where that leaves us is the
```

```
guilty plea has been accepted, I've accepted the plea agreement,
1
   I've made a finding of guilt, and with the objection to the
   eight-level enhancement for an offense involving a minor
   underage 12 having been sustained, we are at the point of
5
   restating the ranges and moving on to any additional evidence or
   argument.
             The statutory range, as I said -- and so let me say
          The objection having been sustained, I'd ask the
8
   this:
   probation officer to make the presentence report reflect the
10
   fact that I've sustained the objection and make that annotation
11
   on the presentence report.
             I'll adopt the factual statements contained in the
12
   presentence report as the Court's findings of fact. And with
13
14
   that, the statutory range established by Congress and the
   President for the count of which the defendant has been found
15
16
   guilty is a mandatory minimum of 10 years imprisonment and a
17
   maximum of lifetime imprisonment.
             As for supervised release, because defendant was
18
19
   convicted under 18 United States Code Section 2242, Count 3
20
   includes a period of supervision of at least five years and a
21
   maximum of lifetime supervision.
2.2
             Ms. Gratton, do you agree that that is correct?
23
             MS. GRATTON: I do, Your Honor.
24
             THE COURT: Do you, Mr. Dorsk?
25
             MR. DORSK: Yes, Your Honor.
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
THE COURT: And I will say this with respect to
1
2
   supervision. It's 18 U.S.C. 3583(k) that specifically provides
 3
   for that range.
 4
             With the rulings made by the Court on the sentencing
5
   guidelines and the objection, it appears that the advisory
   sentencing guidelines range in this matter would now be a 29,
   and a I for the criminal history category. So an offense level
   29 and a criminal history I, with a resulting range for the
8
   sentencing guidelines being 87 to 108 months. However, because
9
10
   the mandatory minimum established by statute is 120 months,
   there is a restricted guideline range of 120 months.
11
             Ms. Gratton, do you agree that I've accurately
12
   stated -- calculated and stated the guideline range?
13
             MS. GRATTON: Yes, in light of the Court's ruling on
14
15
   the objection.
16
             THE COURT: Mr. Dorsk, do you?
17
             MR. DORSK: Yes, Your Honor, I agree.
18
             THE COURT: All right. Just one housekeeping matter
19
   for each of you all. These exhibits have the names, Jane Doe 1
20
   names, so you all will provide redacted versions of these for
21
   us, Ms. Gratton?
22
             MS. GRATTON: Yes, Your Honor. The government
23
   submitted a redacted version in advance of the hearing.
24
             THE COURT: For the Government Exhibit 1?
25
             MS. GRATTON: Yes, Your Honor.
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
1
             THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Dorsk?
 2
             MR. DORSK: Your Honor, I will do the same once I see
 3
   which Bates stamps they are, because I brought a little bit of a
 4
   range. Maybe I could do that after the hearing?
 5
             THE COURT: All right. So we'll do that and that will
   be taken care of.
 6
             Now, Ms. Gratton, is the government going to have any
   additional evidence?
8
             MS. GRATTON: No additional evidence, Your Honor, just
 9
10
   argument.
             THE COURT: Mr. Dorsk, any additional evidence?
11
             MR. DORSK: No, sir.
12
13
             THE COURT: All right. I'll be happy to hear your
14
   argument then, Ms. Gratton.
15
             MS. GRATTON: Thank you, Your Honor.
             The government would rely primarily on the arguments
16
   as articulated in its position paper and would request that the
17
   Court sentence the defendant at the restricted advisory
18
   guideline range of 120 months as sufficient but not greater than
19
20
   necessary to accomplish the purposes of sentencing set forth in
21
   Section 3553(a).
22
             The government reviewed those purposes at length in
23
   its position paper, but would like to make a few additional
   comments for the Court's consideration.
24
25
             In response to the notion that, you know, this was
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

fantasy and that the defendant never acted out on the messages or the descriptions of these desired sexual encounters with Jane Does 1 and 2, the government would note the Fourth Circuit's 2012 opinion in Fugit that recognizes that the statute at issue 5 here, 2422(b), criminalizes the intentional attempt to achieve a mental state within the minor regardless of the intention to actually consummate the sexual activity; that is, the primary evil that Congress, in enacting this statute, was attempting to avert was the psychological sexualization of children. And we 10 live in a world today in a digital age where children are exposed to many things probably much earlier than they used to 11 be. But in that context, we as adults in this society have a 12 13 responsibility to protect our children from influences such as the very ones that we see here as described in the statement of 14 15 facts and the PSR. The fact that children can and may be exposed to things that they weren't some years ago or before the 16 advent of the Internet is not an excuse for adults to act on or 17 exploit that level of access for their own purposes, and 18 19 specifically their own sexual gratification, which is exactly 20 what we see here. And so the sentence that the Court imposes in 21 this case should recognize that. Should recognize that as a 22 member of this society, and frankly as a member of one of the 23 victim's families, this defendant had a responsibility not to 24 engage in this conduct, and that the conduct in which he did 25 engage is serious. So serious that Congress has not only

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

proscribed it, but has set forth a statutory mandatory minimum penalty applicable to those who engage in it.

And in light of all that -- and the fact that Jane

Does 1 and 2 do not appear to have been the defendant's first

victims. The hard drive recovered from his home included images

of young girls dating back to 2010 in various stages of undress,

including, I believe it was approximately 22 images and three

videos that qualified as child pornography under the statute.

The defendant acknowledged that he obtained some of these images in the same way that he appears to have been attempting to obtain images from Jane Does 1 and 2; that is, through FaceBook messages and email messages with the girls depicted in those images. And while he acknowledged that some of the girls were 17 and younger back in 2010 when the defendant himself was, I believe about 20 years old, fast-forward five years, and the defendant is now talking to 12- and 13-year-olds. And so this is not a case where the defendant is mature and growing up and moving away from this conduct, it appears that as time has passed his conduct has only gotten more serious, from the government's perspective.

So in light of the need for the sentence to recognize the seriousness -- nature and seriousness of the offense, to accomplish needed deterrence, to protect the public from future crimes of this defendant, the government's requesting a sentence at the restricted guideline range and statutory minimum penalty

```
of 120 months.
1
 2
             THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Gratton.
 3
             Mr. Dorsk?
 4
             I don't need any comments from the gallery, and if I
 5
   hear any more, you'll be taken out.
             UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I apologize, Your Honor.
 6
             MR. DORSK: Good morning, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: Good morning.
 8
             MR. DORSK: Thank you for your patience in this case.
 9
10
   I know that we've come back a couple of times now, and the Court
   has been very diligent, very meticulous. So thank you for
11
   taking your time with this case, giving due consideration to my
12
   client and his rights. It is greatly appreciated. So thank you
13
   for that.
14
15
             I do not disagree with what the government is
   requesting, which is the statutory marine minimum; however, of
16
   course the Court already knows this, would there not be a
17
   statutory minimum, the guideline range would be 87 to 108
18
   months.
19
20
             I would just like to discuss my client for a moment.
21
   He has taken responsibility for his actions. He's still a young
22
   man. He understands the gravity of his offense and the hardship
23
   that he's put his family through. His family is here in the
24
   gallery today. They have been very supportive of him. He comes
25
   from a good family. They're exceptionally caring and supportive
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
So no doubt when he is released from incarceration, he
1
   will have a great deal of support within his family in the
   community. Hopefully he will be able to continue his studies.
   He was attending class, he was enrolled at ODU at the time the
 5
   search warrants were executed. He has a long work history.
             He has a -- he's a category I. He has a prior
 6
 7
   marihuana, first offender, that was dismissed. That was at the
   age of 19. He appears to have conducted himself in the
   community by not receiving any other criminal convictions. This
9
10
   criminal conviction is certainly a wake-up call for him.
   understands that his behavior was wrong, and I've already stated
11
   that, but he has sought out psychological counseling. He was
12
   going to therapy during the time that this investigation was
13
   going on, so he recognizes that he had some issues and he wants
14
15
   to seek treatment in the future. He has, once again, a lot of
16
   people that care about him.
17
             We would just ask the Court to take into consideration
18
   the presentence report and all the 3553(a) factors.
19
             Thank you, Judge.
20
             THE COURT: All right. If there's nothing else, Mr.
21
   Dorsk, from the government, you can remain there.
22
             MS. GRATTON: Nothing further from the government.
23
             THE COURT: All right. Mr. Jeffries, would you step
24
   to the podium?
25
             Mr. Jeffries, you have the right to make a statement.
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
You don't have to, it's up to you, but if you want to make a
1
   statement, this is your last opportunity to do so. Do you wish
3
   to?
 4
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
5
             THE COURT: All right.
             THE DEFENDANT: I just wanted to state that I am
6
7
   deeply sorry for what has happened. I feel like a complete
   idiot for getting myself into this situation. I hate that I
8
   have involved everyone that I've involved in this. I just
10
   wanted to state that I am not the person the government is
11
   trying to make me out to be.
12
             That's all I have to say, Your Honor.
13
             THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Jeffries.
             Mr. Dorsk, is there any reason that sentencing should
14
15
   not take place at this time?
16
             MR. DORSK: No, sir, there is not.
17
             THE COURT: Before sentencing, I will review the
18
   statutory sentencing factors. Congress and the President have
19
   said that judges are required to review these factors before
20
   imposing a sentence. I don't have to talk about all of them,
21
   but I'll talk about several of them. And the factors are
22
   designed to ensure that the sentence that is imposed is a
23
   sentence that is sufficient but not greater than necessary to
24
   comply with the purposes of sentencing. The Court has
25
   considered all of them.
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

I've considered all the defendant's and the government's arguments regarding the guideline calculation and also the request for a specific sentence.

We begin with the presentence report. Defendant, of course, is before the Court having pled guilty to coercion or enticement, which was Count 3 of the indictment.

Defendant is 26 years old.

The offense conduct to which the defendant stipulated was accurate reflects that the defendant maintained a FaceBook account from at least January of 2014 in the name of Dylan Jeffries. And that -- Dylan Allen Jeffries. And it had an associated Internet address stated here. And then from April 29, 2015 he maintained a second FaceBook account in the name of Dylan Jeffries with a different Internet address. On January 30, 2015, Newport News police received a complaint from a parent in reference to inappropriate messages sent to her then-13-year-old daughter, Jane Doe 2, via FaceBook by an adult male later determined to be the defendant. The parent provided copies of these messages, which were sexual in nature, and included graphic descriptions of proposed sexual encounters between the two. The messages also included repeated requests for images of Jane Doe 2.

Newport News police obtained state search warrants for the FaceBook accounts of Jane Doe 2 and the defendant. Review of these accounts identified messages of a sexual nature between

25

```
the two in January and February 2015. Review of the defendant's
   FaceBook accounts also identified messages of a sexual nature
   between the defendant and another girl, later determined to be
   his now-13-year-old relative, Jane Doe 1.
5
             In the FaceBook messages with Jane Doe 1, the
   defendant graphically described proposed sexual encounters
6
   between the two, suggested that Jane Doe 1 lose her virginity
   with him, and expressed frustration at his inability to engage
   in sexual activity with Jane Doe 1 during a recent visit.
10
   addition to such discussions, these messages included requests
   for a photograph of Jane Doe 1 in nothing but her cowboy boots,
11
   and a video of Jane Doe 1 masturbating.
12
13
             Immediately following this latter request, the
   defendant sent Jane Doe 1 a FaceBook message including a
14
   photograph of an adult male holding his exposed and erect penis.
15
   The defendant's FaceBook messages with Jane Doe 1 also included
16
   discussions of Jane Doe 1's approaching 13th birthday and later
17
   a shared countdown to her birthday in April of 2015.
18
             The FBI began investigating the defendant's online
19
20
   communications. Task Force Officer Call obtained search
21
   warrants for defendant's second FaceBook account and for Jane
   Doe 1's FaceBook account. Review of the accounts identified the
22
23
   same and additional messages between the defendant and Jane
24
   Doe 1. The messages occurred over a period of several months in
```

early 2015 and included numerous sexually graphic conversations.

```
With respect to Count 2, on February 9, 2015, the
1
   defendant exchanged several FaceBook messages with Jane Doe 1 in
   which he graphically described a proposed sexual encounter
 4
   between the two, including acts of genital-to-genital and
 5
   oral-to-genital sexual intercourse. Specifically, the defendant
   told Jane Doe 1 that he wanted to be inside of her, that he
   wanted her in her cowboy boots on top of him, bouncing up and
   down. He then told her that he would pull out and come all over
8
   that cute young face of yours and let her lick the rest off of
10
   him.
             With respect to Count 3, on April 7, 2015, the
11
   defendant again exchanged several FaceBook messages with Jane
12
   Doe 1 in which he again described a proposed sexual encounter
13
   between the two. In this exchange, the defendant described
14
15
   himself as a nymphomaniac and told Jane Doe 1 that "The only way
16
   to explain is to show you, LOL."
17
             After expressing concern that Jane Doe 1 would lose
   interest in him, the defendant described an act of
18
   genital-to-genital sexual intercourse between the two.
19
20
   Specifically, the defendant told Jane Doe 1 that when her naked
21
   body is in his hands, that she would be completely exposed and
22
   in his care. He continued, "Teaching you things about your
23
   body, giving you orgasms so intense you start to fall in love,
24
   LOL, all while hugging you tight and kissing you all over."
25
             When Jane Doe 1 said that he might also tickle her,
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

the defendant responded, "You're not going to be thinking about tickling when my d-i-c-k starts to push up into you, LOL."

Those are the agreed facts that the defendant agreed to and that the government agreed to that they were accurate.

Those were the facts of the case.

The government has already referred to the fact that the FBI served an administrative subpoena on Cox Communications for information related to the IP address associated with defendant's FaceBook accounts, and the customer was identified as the defendant's sister with whom he resided.

A federal search warrant was lawfully obtained for the defendant's bedroom in his sister's home. The search warrant was executed on May 5th, 2015, and recovered electronic devices, including a hard disk drive. The hard disk drive was found to contain several folders labeled with different female names. In each folder were images, and in at least one folder, videos of different girls in various stages of undress and engaged in various sexual acts. At least two of the girls depicted appeared to be minors.

During an interview at the time of the search, the defendant initially denied in engaging in online communications with underage girls; however, he later acknowledged speaking with Jane Does 1 and 2, and that he had an external hard drive containing pornography. The defendant identified each of the girls depicted on that hard drive and described the

circumstances under which he had received of them, including via FaceBook and email messages.

The defendant acknowledged that the girls depicted on the hard drive were 17 years old and younger at the time the images and videos were created and that the images dated back to 2010.

A computer forensics expert conducted a forensic examination of the electronic devices, identifying multiple pictures and movies, all referenced in Paragraph 14.

The defendant was interviewed by the probation office for this presentence report. He acknowledged that the statement of facts is accurate and that he accepts responsibility for his actions. He further admitted that it was wrong and he needs to grow up and move forward with his life, and expressed a desire to continue psychotherapy treatment once he is released from imprisonment.

The Court is required by Factor No. 1 to consider the nature and circumstances of the offense, and those, in summary are the nature and circumstances of the offense.

The Court is also required to consider the defendant's history and characteristics. Defendant was born in 1989 in Alleghany County, Virginia, the younger of two children born to the union of his parents. He maintains a good relationship with both parents, who remain supportive of him. The defendant was residing with his sister here.

2

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

The defendant described that he loved the way he grew up, with loving parents rearing him in a working household, and he described that in very positive terms. Defendant said that he was instilled with good values at home and he recalls growing up with good values and playing sports. All of his basic needs were met. There were no domestic disturbances reported. Defendant is a lifetime resident of Virginia. First Clinton Forge, and then relocating here. His overall health as described by him is fair. suffers from back pain since an earlier age. Defendant has no history of mental or emotional problems and no history of treatment. During the investigation for the instant offense, defendant began treatment at Christian Psychotherapy Services in Chesapeake, reported attending treatment on a weekly basis, though I don't know that we have records confirming that, but that was the report. The sister, defendant's sister reported he received treatment at a different location, and perhaps that's the reason. It does appear that the defendant received some medication while he was beginning college for Attention Deficit Disorder. With respect to substance abuse, the defendant reported that he started smoking marihuana at age 16. He admitted to smoking one gram on a daily basis, and he stopped

1 smoking in 2015 when he became aware of the investigation for his instant offense. The defendant graduated from Alleghany County High 4 School. He obtained a certificate in computer systems 5 technology from Jackson River Technical Center. He attended Roanoke College for a period of time, and then he completed an associate's degree in history at Liberty Online during 2011 and 2012. Also attended Devin Lancaster Community College for classes and he attended ODU for a period of time in 2014 and 10 '15, returning in 2015 to TCC, attempting an associate's degree in horticulture before he was arrested. He has been employed at 11 Kroger in 2014 and '15, and voluntarily quit to return to 12 13 school. He worked at MacArthur Mall for a period of time, and he worked at Mohawk Industries in Glasgow for a period of time, 14 15 2010 to 2012. The Court received several very positive letters from 16 the defendant's family, including photographs. And the Court 17 also has a report from Dr. Fanning at Psychological Services of 18 Virginia referencing the defendant and his treatment. The 19 20 defendant reported, there, feeling remorse to her during his 21 treatment and being in a dark place while the conversations 22 occurred. He said he was beginning now the long and difficult 23 process of dealing with both his anxiety and depression. He was

I think I may have talked about this a bit at the last

willing to take responsibility for his decisions.

24

25

```
hearing, but there's also a letter that has been submitted here
1
   from the defendant's father that goes into some detail, which I
   think frankly found helpful.
 4
             Madam Clerk?
5
             (Court and courtroom deputy conferred.)
             THE COURT: So the letters, although they will be
6
   attached to the presentence report, are not public record, and I
   say that in part because of some of the specific discussions in
8
   the letters that might help to identify the victims.
9
10
   other letters that say very nice things about the defendant.
             The Court is required to consider the need for the
11
   sentence to reflect the seriousness of the offense. The
12
   government talked about this at some length in discussing the
13
   purpose behind the statute. There's been some suggestion here
14
15
   in some of the communications that the Court has received that
   perhaps no actual crime was committed because there was no
16
17
   physical contact. Certainly had there been physical contact we
18
   would be talking about a crime of much greater magnitude.
   clearly Congress was seeking, in passing this criminal statute,
19
20
   to prevent individuals from, in the midst of using technology,
21
   among other things, to entice children. And one thing that's
22
   very clear here: This was a child and the defendant was an
23
   adult. And the fact that a 13-year old, a 12-year old, the fact
24
   that a child of these years voluntarily engages in an exchange
25
   with a defendant, a person, and that it ultimately leads to this
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
kind of behavior doesn't exonerate a defendant, doesn't
   exonerate Mr. Jeffries from this kind of behavior.
   the one that is responsible. The adult is the one that is
   expected to act responsibly, no matter what the 12- or 13-
   year-old looks or acts like, no matter whether they're someone
   familiar or not. And I'm troubled by some of the, some of that
   suggestion or attitude.
8
             The Court is required to consider a sentence that
   promotes respect for the law and provides a just punishment, and
9
10
   one that affords adequate deterrence. The reality is that
   Congress and the President have said that if you're found quilty
11
12
   of this offense, there is a minimum of a 10-year sentence. The
13
   quidelines, based upon my ruling, result in a quideline range;
   that is, 120 months. That is a factor I am to consider. But
14
   both the government and the defense have asked the Court to
15
   impose that sentence after carefully considering all of these
16
17
   factors.
18
             And I could have simply moved on to the sentencing,
   but I think it's important that we reflect on this, and frankly,
19
20
   I walk into that courtroom, I have no idea the degree to which
21
   family members and/or friends of a defendant who may be sitting
22
   here in this courtroom know or don't know the specifics.
23
   while it's an uncomfortable position and not something that I
24
   like to do, I read some of the specifics in the presentence
25
   report, because I think that it's important that when someone
```

```
comes out of their period of incarceration, that the people that
1
   love them, that come to support them at the hearing, be able to
   help hold the person accountable. And to do that, I think it's
   important that they know the specifics. And so Mr. Jeffries, I
5
   don't do that for the scintillating nature of it or for the mere
   purpose of embarrassing you.
             THE DEFENDANT: I understand.
             THE COURT: That's not why that's done. I do it to
8
   try to make sure that you are held accountable and that you
9
10
   never come back before the court, and that you go on to a
   productive life after your period of incarceration.
11
             So having carefully considered the advisory quideline
12
   range and all these statutory sentencing factors, the Court is
13
   now prepared to impose sentence.
14
15
             Pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984, it is
16
   the judgment of the Court that the defendant, Dylan Allen
   Jeffries, is hereby committed to the custody of the United
17
18
   States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a term of 120
19
   months, which is the mandatory -- well, it is the minimum --
20
   that's not the mandatory minimum, but it's the minimum sentence,
21
   I suppose, that Congress has said the Court can impose.
22
   it's the guideline range sentence, I note also.
23
             Defendant is remanded to the custody of the Marshal to
24
   serve the sentence.
25
             Upon release from imprisonment, defendant shall be
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

placed on supervised release for a term of 10 years.

Within 72 hours of release from custody of the Bureau of Prisons, Mr. Jeffries shall report in person to the probation office in the district to which he is released.

He shall refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance and submit to one drug test within 15 days of release on supervised release, and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as directed by the probation officer.

While on supervision, the defendant shall not commit another federal, state or local crime, and shall not unlawfully possess a controlled substance, and shall not possess a firearm or a destructive device.

The defendant shall comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court. In addition, the defendant shall participate in a program approved by the probation office for mental health treatment, to include psychosexual evaluation and sex offender treatment, the cost of the programs to be paid by the defendant as directed by the probation officer.

Defendant shall waive all rights of confidentiality regarding sex offender and mental health treatment in order to allow the release of information to the U.S. Probation Office, and authorize communication between the probation officer and the treatment provider so that the probation officer can monitor the defendant's progression and be of assistance in the

probation officer's meetings with the defendant if there are issues during the treatment.

The defendant shall submit to polygraph testing as directed by the probation office as part of his sex offender therapeutic program, the costs of the testing to be paid by the defendant as directed by the probation officer. To the extent he wishes to assert, however, his Fifth Amendment rights against self-incrimination during such testing, he may do so, and that issue may be brought back to the court to determine whether the defendant should be compelled to respond to any of the questions asked during such polygraph testing.

The defendant shall not utilize any sex-related adult telephone services, websites or electronic bulletin boards, and he shall submit any records requested by the probation officer to verify compliance with this condition, including but not limited to credit card bills, telephone bills and cable or satellite television bills.

The defendant shall not have any access to or possess any pornographic material or pictures displaying nudity or any magazines using juvenile models or pictures of juveniles.

I have included in this not just juvenile child pornography, or pornography, but I've also included pornography. The reason for that, that it's broadened, is there is adult pornography here on the images that the defendant was found to be possessing, and the manner in which this case has come to me,

```
it has come with some suggestion that the defendant was engaged
   in relationships and/or engaged in chats when he was younger, in
   his early 20s, that is, with young women who were 17 and/or
   younger. And to the extent that there's a suggestion that the
   defendant's involvement in obtaining pornography may have
   progressed into younger ages, the fact that the defendant
   continued, had all of this pornography -- as described in the
   presentence report, quite a bit -- suggests to me that there is
   a relationship. And so to protect others and to prevent the
9
10
   defendant from in any way spiraling back into this kind of
   behavior, I'm going to impose this condition.
11
             Defendant shall have no contact with minors unless
12
   supervised by a competent, informed adult approved in advance by
13
   the probation officer.
14
15
             Defendant shall not accept any paid or voluntary
   positions involving children, except those approved in advance
16
17
   by the probation officer.
             Pursuant to the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety
18
19
   Act of 2006, the defendant shall register with the state sex
20
   offender registration agency in any state where he resides,
21
   works and attends school, according to federal and state law,
22
   and as directed by the probation officer.
23
             Pursuant to that same Act, the defendant shall submit
24
   to the search of his person, property, house, residence,
25
   vehicle, papers, computer, other electronic communications or
```

data storage devices or media and effects at any time by any law enforcement or probation officer with reasonable suspicion concerning unlawful conduct or a violation of a condition of supervision upon prior notification to and approval by the court, or with a warrant.

The defendant shall not possess or use a computer to access any online computer services at any location, including employment, without the prior approval of the probation officer.

This includes any Internet service providers, bulletin board system or any other public or private computer network.

The defendant shall consent to the use of wifi detection devices to allow the probation officer to detect the presence of wireless signals inside or outside his residence.

Defendant shall comply with the requirements of the Computer Monitoring Program as administered by the probation officer and consent to the installation of computer monitoring software on any computer to which he has access.

The probation officer shall perform installation. The software may restrict and/or record any and all activity on the computer, including the capture of keystrokes, application information, Internet use history, email correspondence and chat history and conversations. A notice will be placed on the computer at the time of installation to warn others of the existence of the monitoring software. The defendant shall also notify others of the existence of the monitoring software and

not remove, tamper with, reverse-engineer, or in any way circumvent the software. Defendant shall pay the costs of the monitoring to the extent he's capable.

During the term of supervision, defendant shall not possess or utilize any video gaming system, console, or any other device which would enable contact and/or the sharing of data with other individuals known or unknown to the defendant.

Defendant shall provide the probation officer access to any requested financial information. If the defendant tests positive for the use of illegal drug or displays signs of alcohol abuse, he shall participate in a program approved by the probation office for substance abuse treatment, which program may include residential treatment and testing to determine whether he's reverted to the use of drugs or alcohol, with partial costs to be paid by him, as directed by the probation officer.

Defendant shall waive all rights of confidentiality regarding substance abuse treatment in order to allow the release of information to the probation office and, authorize communication between the probation officer and the treatment provider.

The Court, having reflected upon the defendant's financial condition, finds that he is not capable of paying a fine. The defendant shall pay a \$100 special assessment for the one count to which he pled guilty and he was found guilty. No

```
1
   restitution is imposed.
             Has the Court already entered a forfeiture order?
 2
 3
              (Court and courtroom deputy conferred.)
 4
             THE COURT: On February 10th, the Court already
 5
   entered a forfeiture order. I don't need to address that.
             The special assessment is due in full immediately.
 6
 7
   Any balance remaining unpaid on it at the beginning of
   supervision shall be paid by the defendant in installments of
8
   not less than fifty dollars a month until paid in full. These
9
10
   payments shall commence 60 days after supervision begins.
             The defendant shall notify the U.S. Attorney for this
11
   district within 30 days of any change of name, residence or
12
   mailing address until all costs and special assessments imposed
13
   by the judgment are fully paid.
14
15
             Now, Mr. Jeffries, as part of the plea agreement, you
   waived your right to appeal, with the exception of an
16
   ineffective assistance of counsel claim that is reviewable on
17
18
   direct appeal. Generally, waivers of appeal are enforceable.
19
   However, if you believe that your waiver is unenforceable, then
20
   you may present that issue to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the
21
   Fourth Circuit. To do that, you must file a notice of appeal
22
   within 14 days from today. If you do not file the notice of
23
   appeal on time, you may lose your right to appeal. You have the
24
   right to be assisted by an attorney on appeal. One will be
25
   appointed for you by the Court if you cannot afford to hire an
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
attorney. You may be permitted to file the appeal without
1
   payment of the costs if you make a written request to do so.
   Also, if you make a request of the clerk's office, someone there
   will prepare and file the notice of appeal for you.
5
             Mr. Dorsk, does the defendant wish to be housed as
   close to -- well, is there any specific request for housing?
6
              (Counsel and defendant conferred.)
             MR. DORSK: Your Honor, I suppose closest to this
8
9
   area.
10
             THE COURT: To Hampton Roads, Virginia?
             MR. DORSK: Yes, sir.
11
             THE COURT: The Court will recommend that the
12
   defendant be housed as close to Hampton Roads, Virginia as
13
14
   possible so that he can have contact with family, friends and
15
   significant other.
16
             And Ms. Gratton, do you have a motion?
17
             MS. GRATTON: I do, Your Honor. At this time the
18
   government would move that the remaining counts of in the
   indictment be dismissed.
19
20
             THE COURT: Without objection, the remaining counts of
21
   the indictment are dismissed.
2.2
             Mr. Dorsk, is there anything else we need to address?
23
             MR. DORSK: No, Your Honor. Thank you.
24
             THE COURT: Ms. Gratton, anything else from your
25
   standpoint?
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
1
              MS. GRATTON: No, Your Honor. Thank you.
 2
              THE COURT: Mr. Jeffries, I do wish you well. I hope
   you will return to the community and be a productive member of
   the community. And I've tried to put many safeguards in place
 5
   to make sure that you do that. So I do wish you well, sir.
 6
              THE DEFENDANT: Thank you, Your Honor.
              (Whereupon, proceedings concluded at 11:21 a.m.)
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter

```
1
                              CERTIFICATION
 2
 3
              I certify that the foregoing is a true, complete and
 4
    correct transcript of the proceedings held in the above-entitled
   matter.
 6
 7
 8
                       Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR
 9
10
                                   Date
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

Paul L. McManus, RMR, FCRR Official Court Reporter